

Laboratory Surveillance Report

Surveillance Data Synopsis

- Rhinovirus/enterovirus were the predominant respiratory viruses reported. Activity is decreasing.
- Influenza activity is low.
- Increasing RSV and adenovirus activity were noted.
- EPEC, EAEC & Campylobacter were the most frequently reported gastropathogens.

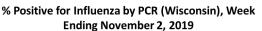
Influenza (Week ending November 2, 2019)

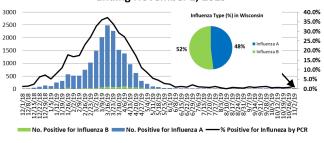
National Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, the CDC reported a small increase (2.4% to 3.2%) of the 18,126 surveillance specimens testing positive for influenza virus (A & B). Overall, activity is low across the US.
- Influenza B accounted for an increasing majority (75.4%) of the influenza positives reported.
- 58.5% of the influenza A viruses subtyped were seasonal A (H3N2) and 41.5% were seasonal (H1N1)pdm09.

Wisconsin Influenza Update

- WI labs reported a total of 31 specimens of the 2,132 tested (1.5%) by PCR were positive for influenza virus (A & B). This was a small increase.
 - Influenza B was the predominant (51.6%) influenza virus.
- Seasonal influenza A (H3N2) accounted for 57% of those subtyped at WSLH.





To enhance surveillance activities for influenza viruses, the WSLH asks labs to please send:

- I. A sampling of specimens from influenza-related hospitalizations (e.g. no more than I per week).
- 2. Specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subytping for 2009 pdmHI and H3 were performed.

Other Surveillance Data-Wisconsin

Week Ending November 2, 2019		
Resp. Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive
Rhinovirus/		
enterovirus	600	17.5↓
Parainfluenza	616	5.0
Adenovirus	272	3.3个
Influenza	2,132	1.5
RSV	982	1.4个
Human metapneu-		
movirus	633	<1
Coronavirus	272	0
B. pertussis	331	<1

Respiratory

- Rhinovirus/enterovirus were the predominant respiratory viruses reported. Activity is decreasing.
- RSV & adenovirus activity are increasing.

Gastropathogens

- EPEC, EAEC & Campylobacter were the predominant gastropathogens reported.
- Other gastropathogens reported included EPEC (12%), ETEC (<1%), EAEC (3.3%), Y. enterocolitica (<1%) and Adeno 40/41 (1.1%).

Week Ending November 2, 2019			
GI Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive	
Campylobacter	363	2.5	
Salmonella	363	2.2	
Norovirus	198	2.0	
Giardia	121	1.7	
Sapovirus	92	1.1	
STEC	305	<1	
Shigella	328	<1	
Cryptosporidium	121	0	
E. coli 0157	88	0	
Rotavirus	193	0	
Cyclospora	92	0	