# **Laboratory Surveillance Report**

### Surveillance Data Synopsis

- Influenza activity is decreasing.
- Rhinovirus/ enterovirus and parainfluenza virus activities are increasing.
- Rotavirus was the predominant gastropathogen reported.

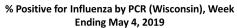
## Influenza (Week ending May 4, 2019)

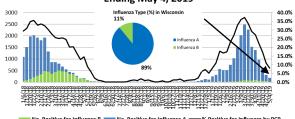
### National Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, the CDC reported decreasing activity with 4.7% of the 14,666 surveillance specimens testing positive for influenza virus (A and B).
- The majority of influenza viruses detected were influenza A (66%). Of those subtyped, the 82.4% were influenza A (H3N2). 73% belong to the 3C.3a clade and are antigenically distinguishable from the vaccine strain.
- Influenza B accounted for 34% of specimens testing positive for influenza virus.

### Wisconsin Influenza Update

- 2,294 specimens were tested by PCR with a decreasing percentage (8.1%) positive for influenza virus. The majority were influenza A (89%).
- Influenza B activity is low accounting for 11% of the positives reported.
- Of those Flu A's subtyped, 55% were (pdm HINI).





### To enhance surveillance activities for influenza viruses, the WSLH asks labs to please send:

- 1. A sampling of specimens from influenza-related hospitalizations (e.g. I per week).
- 2. Specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subytping for 2009 pdmHI and H3 were performed.

### Other Surveillance Data-Wisconsin

### Week Ending May 4, 2019

Resp. Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive
Rhinovirus/ entero- virus	638	12.1个
Parainfluenza	673	10.5个
Influenza	2,294	8.1↓
Human Metapneu- movirus	673	6.4
Coronavirus	294	3.7
RSV	1,078	1.1
Adenovirus	294	<1
B. pertussis	242	0

#### **Respiratory**

 Rhinovirus/ enterovirus and parainfluenza virus activities are increasing.

#### **Gastropathogens**

- Rotavirus activity is at high levels, but is decreasing. It was the predominant gastropathogen reported.
- Other gastropathogens reported included EPEC (5.8%),
  EAEC (2.1%) and Adeno 40/41 (3.1%).
- \*Please send WSLH a <u>sampling</u> of Rotavirus positive specimens (e.g. 1 per week maximum).

### Week Ending May 4, 2019

GI Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive
Rotavirus	339	10.9↓
Norovirus	362	6.9
Astrovirus	189	5.8
Sapovirus	189	2.6
Campylobacter	615	2.1
Salmonella	552	1.8
STEC	540	<1
Cryptosporidium	242	<1
Shigella	500	<1
Giardia	242	0
E. coli 0157	183	0