Laboratory Surveillance Report

Surveillance Data Synopsis

- Parainfluenza virus activity is increasing.
- Rhinovirus/ enterovirus were the predominate respiratory viruses detected in Wisconsin.
- Influenza activity in Wisconsin is sporadic.
- Norovirus was the predominate gastropathogen detected.

Please send **ALL INFLUENZA** positive specimens to WSLH for further characterization.

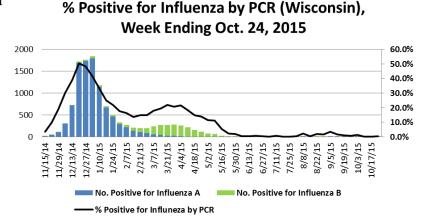
Influenza (Week ending Oct. 24, 2015)

National Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, CDC reported 1.2% of the 10,315 surveillance specimens tested positive for influenza. 72% of the positives reported were influenza A and 28% were influenza B.
- Overall, influenza activity is at low levels with only sporadic cases being reported in the majority of the US states.

Wisconsin Influenza Update

- <1.0% of the 629 specimens tested positive for influenza by PCR at Wisconsin clinical labs.
- A total of 3 influenza A and no influenza B viruses were detected by PCR.
- Overall, influenza activity remains sporadic in Wisconsin.



Other Surveillance Data (Wisconsin)

Week Ending October 24, 2015

Resp. Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive
Rhinovirus/		
enterovirus	304	23.4
Parainfluenza	351	6.0
Adenovirus	171	1.8
RSV	389	<1
Coronavirus	171	0
Human metapneu- movirus	336	0
B. pertussis	209	2.4

Mumps

As of Oct. 30, the WI
Division of Public Health
reported 17 cumulative
lab confirmed mumps
cases associated with
outbreaks at two University of Wisconsin
campuses (Whitewater
and Platteville).

Week Ending October 24, 2015

GI Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive
Norovirus	65	10.8
Giardia	44	6.8
Cryptosporidium	44	2.3
STEC	68	1.5
Salmonella	145	1.4
Campylobacter	145	<1
Shigella	71	0
E. coli 0157	44	0
Rotavirus	52	0

Others detected include EPEC and EIEC.