

# **Laboratory Surveillance Report**

### Surveillance Data Synopsis

- Influenza B was the predominate influenza virus detected.
- RSV activity is widespread.
- Rotavirus activity is increasing.

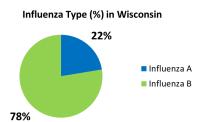
## Influenza (Week ending March 9, 2015)

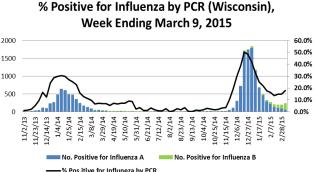
#### National Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, CDC reported 11.4% of the 14,634 surveillance specimens tested positive for influenza. Influenza activity has been declining in the US.
- The CDC reported that the cumulative hospitalization rate for lab-confirmed influenza this season was 55.7 per 100,000 population.
- Widespread activity was reported in 9 states. Wisconsin was classified as localized activity.

### Wisconsin Influenza Update

- Surveillance data showed influenza activity declining in Wisconsin. 18.0% of the 1,338 specimens tested positive for influenza by PCR.
- PCR typing data showed that the vast majority of influenza viruses detected were influenza B.





It is NO longer necessary to send positive influenza specimens to WSLH. Please send:

- A sampling of influenza-related hospitalizations.
- Specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subtyping for 2009H1 and H3 were performed.

#### Week Ending March 9, 2015

Resp. Virus	# Tested	% Positive
RSV	534	21.9
Rhinovirus/ Enterovirus	361	7.2
Coronavirus	150	5.3
Human metapneu- movirus	383	3.9
Parainfluenza	384	2.9
Adenovirus	224	1.3

### Other Surveillance Data (Wisconsin)

#### **RSV**

- RSV activity is peak levels in Wisconsin. 21.9% of the 534 specimens tested positive for RSV by PCR at Wisconsin clinical labs.
- RSV was the predominate non-influenza respiratory virus detected.

#### **Rotavirus**

- Rotavirus activity is increasing.
- 42.6% of the 146 specimens tested were positive for rotavirus by rapid antigen testing.

