

Laboratory Surveillance Report

Surveillance Data Synopsis

- Influenza activity is increasing.
- All of the Influenza A viruses subtyped were A (2009 HINI).
- Norovirus activity continues to increase.
- RSV was the predominate noninfluenza respiratory virus reported.

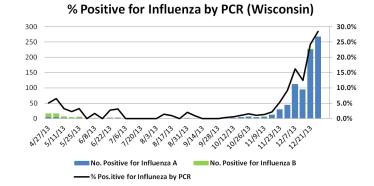
Influenza (Week ending December 28, 2013)

National Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, CDC reported that 26.7% of the 6,419 surveillance specimens were positive for influenza. Influenza B activity is low with 2.6% of specimens testing positive.
- 99% of the influenza viruses that were subtyped were 2009 HINI.
- Antiviral resistance surveillance showed that 1.1% of the 910 specimens (2009 HINI) tested nationally were resistant to Oseltamivir. No resistance was reported for Zanamivir.

Wisconsin Update

- Surveillance data showed increasing activity with 29% of the 924 respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza by PCR.
- All of the viruses subtyped were influenza A (2009 HINI).
- No influenza B activity was detected in Wisconsin by PCR.
- No influenza antiviral resistance was detected in WI.



Surveillance Specimen Requests:

Due to increasing activity It is no longer necessary to send influenza rapid testing positive specimens for confirmatory testing

- Please send the following specimens to WSLH:
- 1. Influenza-related hospitalizations
- 2. Specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subytping was performed (e.g. 2009 HINI & H3).

Week Ending December 28, 2013

Virus	# Tested	% Positive
RSV	341	6.5
Rhinovirus/ enterovirus	181	4.4
Parainfluenza	211	2.4
Adenovirus	148	1.4
Human metapneu- movirus	184	<1
Coronavirus	152	<1

Other Surveillance Data (Wisconsin)

- RSV was the predominate non-influenza respiratory virus reported from clinical labs performing PCR in Wisconsin.
- **Noroviurs** activity is increasing in Wisconsin. The number of norovirus

suspected outbreaks reported to the WI Division of Public Health is increasing.

