# Laboratory Surveillance Report

### *Surveillance Data Synopsis*

- Influenza activity is increasing both in Wisconsin and nationally.
- Influenza A (2009 HINI) was the predominate subtype detected.
- RSV activity is increasing.
- Mycoplasma pneumoniae activity was reported.

## Influenza (Week ending December 14, 2013)

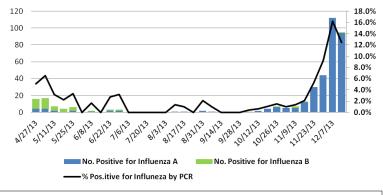
#### National Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, CDC reported that 17.8% of the 7,294 surveillance specimens were positive for influenza. Only 3.1% of the positives were influenza B.
- The majority of the influenza A viruses subtyped were 2009HINI (97%).
- All of the influenza A viruses that were characterized were well matched with those included in the 2013-2014 influenza vaccine.

#### Wisconsin Update

- Surveillance data showed that 12.5% of the 762 influenza specimens tested by PCR in Wisconsin were positive.
- All of the viruses subtyped were influenza A (2009 HINI).
- There was only 1 influenza B virus reported by PCR.

#### % Positive for Influenza by PCR (Wisconsin)



#### Surveillance Specimen Requests:

NEW Due to increasing activity It is no longer necessary to send influenza rapid testing positive specimens for confirmatory testing

- Please send the following specimens to WSLH:
- I. Influenza-related hospitalizations
- 2. Specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subytping was performed (e.g. 2009 HINI & H3).

#### Week Ending December 14, 2013 # Tested <mark>% Positive</mark> Virus Rhinovirus/ enterovirus 183 10.4 RSV 288 4.2 Parainfluenza 201 3.5 Adenovirus 148 1.4 Human metapneumovirus 195 1 148 0 Coronavirus

### **Other Surveillance Data (Wisconsin)**

- Surveillance data from the clinical labs reporting PCR results showed that RSV activity in Wisconsin is slowly increasing.
  - Mycoplasma pneumoniae activity has been reported in Wisconsin with numerous cases associated with the University of Wisconsin campus.

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