

# Laboratory Surveillance Report

#### *Surveillance Data Synopsis*

• Rhinovirus/ Enterovirus were the most frequently detected respiratory viruses in Wisconsin.

#### • Surveillance data showed that RSV activity has begun.

• At this time, please forward ALL influenza positive specimens to WSLH.

## Influenza (Week ending October 19, 2013)

#### Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, CDC reported that 3.8% of the 3,513 surveillance specimens were positive for influenza.
- 83% of the influenza viruses characterized were influenza A and 17% were influenza B.
- Both seasonal H3 and 2009 HINI viruses were reported.

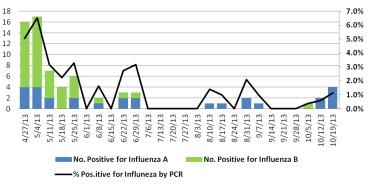
#### Wisconsin Update

- Influenza activity in Wisconsin is sporadic, but is increasing,
- A total of 1.1% of the 350 influenza specimens tested by PCR the week ending October 19 in Wisconsin were posi-

tive. All of the cases were influenza A.

 It is important to send all early season influenza positive specimens to WSLH for further characterization.

#### % Positive for Influenza by PCR (Wisconsin)



#### Surveillance Specimen Requests:

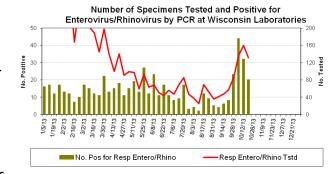
- At this time, please send <u>ALL positive Influenza specimens to WSLH</u> for confirmatory testing and characterization.
- Please send the following specimens to WSLH:

Specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subytping was performed.

Week Ending October 19, 2013		
Virus	# Tested	% Positive
Rhinovirus/ enterovirus	131	15.3
Parainfluenza	146	4.1
RSV	206	1.5
Human metapneu- movirus	149	0
Adenovirus	76	0
Coronavirus	76	0

### **Other Surveillance Data**

- Rhinovirus/ Enterovirus were the predominate respiratory viruses detected in Wisconsin.
- Reports from
  clinical PCR labs
  showed that



**RSV** activity has begun in Wisconsin. These are the first RSV reports of the 2013-2014 respiratory virus season.