

## **Laboratory Surveillance Report**

### Surveillance Data Synopsis

- Influenza activity
   is increasing with
   8.8% of specimens
   positive by PCR in
   Wisconsin.
- Parainfluenza virus activity is increasing (PIV 2 & PIV 3)
- Rhinovirus/ Enterorvirus was the predominate virus reported.

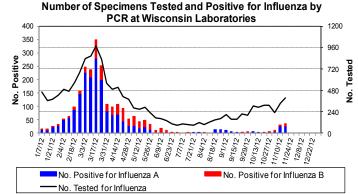
## Influenza (Week ending November 17, 2012)

### Influenza Update (CDC)

- Nationally, influenza activity is increasing. CDC has reported that 13.2% of the 3,742 US surveillance specimens tested were positive for influenza virus.
- Of the positive influenza viruses reported, 68% were influenza A and 32% were influenza B.
  The majority of the influenza A's were seasonal H3.
- No antiviral resistance (Oseltamivir & Zanamivir) has been detected with the seasonal influenza viruses circulating.

# Influenza Update (Wisconsin)

- Influenza activity in Wisconsin is increasing with 8.8% of specimens positive by PCR.
- Of the influenza reported, 71% were type A and 29% were B.



Of the influenza A viruses subtyped, 89% were seasonal H3 and 11% were 2009 HINI.

#### **Surveillance Specimen Requests:**

- It is <u>no longer necessary to send positive influenza specimens to WSLH</u> for confirmatory testing due to increasing activity.
- Please send the following specimens to WSLH: Influenza-related hospitalizations

Specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subytping was performed

Virus	# Tested	% Positive
Rhino/Enterovirus	87	25.3
Parainfluenza	157	7.6
Adenovirus	87	4.6
RSV	156	1.9
Human metap- nuemovirus	102	<1
Coronavirus	65	0

### **Other Surveillance Data**

B. pertussis (Week ending November 17, 2012)

Labs performing PCR reported that 8.3% of the 599 specimens tested were positive for B. pertussis.

#### **Rotavirus**

Please forward positive Rotavirus specimens to WSLH.

<u>Respiratory Viruses</u> (Week ending November 17, 2012)\_The predominate respiratory virus detected by PCR was Rhinovirus/Enterovirus.

• Parainfluenza virus (PIV 2 & PIV 3) activity has been increasing.